Penyalahgunaan Narkoba di Kalangan Remaja dan Cara Mengatasinya di SMK 3 Kota Sukabumi

Hesri Mintawati¹, Jhoni Albert², Asep Hermawan³, Moh Djafar Shodiq⁴, Eneng Rahmi⁵
Universitas Nusa Putra¹, STIE Trisna Negara², Universitas Nahdlatul Ulama Cirebon³, Universitas Jayabaya⁴
hesri.mintawati@nusaputra.ac.id, oseelafm3@gmail.com, jja@unucirebon.ac.id, emdeshodiq@pascajayabaya.ac.id, eneng.rahani@nusaputra.ac.id

Abstract

The drug problem in Indonesia remains urgent and complex. Over the last decade, this problem has become widespread. This is evidenced by a significant increase in the number of addicts or drug addicts and an increase in the disclosure of drug-related criminal cases. The patterns are getting more diverse and the syndicate network is getting bigger. Indonesian society, even the global community, is currently in a very alarming situation due to the widespread and widespread use of various types of illegal drugs. This concern is exacerbated by the illicit trafficking of drugs that has spread to all levels of society, including the younger generation. This will have a major impact on the country and the nation's life in the future. The behavior of some teenagers who seem to ignore the values, norms and laws that regulate people’s lives is one of the causes of the widespread use of drugs among the younger generation. Therefore, it is necessary to use qualitative research methodologies with observational surveys and direct interviews with school principals using data primary. With rare steps that are required together with the local government for high school students, especially SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY, where the purpose of this community service is to minimize drug abuse among teenagers and further provide socialization of drug abuse among teenagers and how to overcome it for SMK 2 Sukabumi in motivating students not to abuse drugs. The next plan was to provide socialization to the students of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY, the second plan was carried out together with the SIP 51 Serdiks and the National Police Education and Training Center.

Keywords: abuse, drugs, prevention

INTRODUCTION

According to Buhler (1978) in Fidayanti (2021) Socialization is a process that helps community members to learn and adapt to the way of life and group thinking, so that they can play a role and function in groups. Socialization is the process by which a child, or a new
member in a group, learns about the way of life of a society or group. (Anthony Giddens: 2017).

Drug control law Article 1(1) says that drugs are man-made. Even those of plant origin produce psychedelic effects of loss of consciousness and cause addiction. According to the law, different types of drugs in 3 groups of risk-based trusts. I.e. Group 1 drugs, including marijuana and opium. Coca plants are very dangerous, consumed because of the high risk of affecting drug addiction. Group 2 can be used for treatment as long as it is in accordance with the prescription. Species in this group About 85 types, there are several types including morphine, such as Alpha Prodina. Group 2 is caused by trust. Finally, Class 3 drugs have a fairly mild risk of addiction usually used for treatment as well as therapy. (Iqbal, M., Amborowati, A. T., Sofara, I., & Fakhrurazi: 2021) Harassing & Drug trafficking is increasing day by day. It becomes a very real threat. Substance abuse that often occurs among young people. Try being the main reason because they want it to prove it has an effect on what it feels like. After all he's hard to get addicted to stop using. I'll do anything to get a replacement pad. This counseling or socialization We must encourage the dangers of drugs remember drug cases are on the rise, especially under adolescents at risk of trying illegal drugs. Therefore, the implementation of the group 4 work program, we conducted a webinar Socialization about the dangers of drugs. Disseminating relevant information For a wider audience, especially student students who are expected to be the driving force with the non-proliferation of drugs.

Drug abuse or drugs is a pattern of behavior in which a person uses drugs of the narcotic class, psychotoprika, and additives that are not suitable for their function. (Colondam: 2007). Such abuse generally occurs due to the presence of high curiosity, which later becomes a habit. In addition, abuse

![Graph: Number of Drug Cases](image1)

**Source:** Data from BNN and Police

![Graph: Percentage of Young People Drug Cases](image2)

**Source:** Data from BNN and Police
Drugs in a person can also be triggered by problems in his life or befriend drug addicts. (Kurniawan : 2008). WHO (1982) defines drugs as All substances except food, water or oxygen that if introduced into the body can alter bodily and or psychological functions of the body. For 2022, the prevalence has increased, during the pandemic it actually increased, in 2019 the prevalence of 1-year users was 1.8 percent of the total Indonesian population based on prevalence. In 2022, it will rise to 1.95 percent, an increase of 0.15 percent,. As we all know, the Central BNN has just destroyed 78.2 kilograms of methamphetamine and 61.9 kilograms of marijuana Two of them were cross-country meth shipments. First, the disclosure of 14.84 kilograms of methamphetamine packaged in tractor spare parts from South Africa to Indonesia through cargo imports, from here the police named MJS and S as suspects.

Drugs are substances or drugs that can result in unconsciousness or anesthesia because they work by affecting the central nervous system. Drugs are substances or drugs derived from plants or non-plants, either synthetic or semi-synthetic that can cause a decrease or change in consciousness, loss of taste, reduce even to the point of relieving pain, and can cause dependence. (Ranjabar, Jacobus : 2006). Drugs are chemicals needed to treat health, when these substances enter the body's organs, there will be one or more changes in function in the body. Then it is continued again with physical and psychic dependence on the body, so that if the substance is stopped from consuming it, there will be physical and psychic disturbances. (ghoose : 2002).

Such dependenceoccurs due to the properties of drugs that can cause an irresistible desire (an over powering desire) towards the substance in question and if necessary by any means of obtaining it, the tendency to add a dose or dose with the tolerance of the body, psychological dependence that is, if the use of the substance is stopped will cause psychiatric symptoms such as anxiety, anxiety, depression, and the like. Physical dependence is if the use of substances is stopped, it will cause physical symptoms called withdrawal symptoms. (azmiyati : 2014).

Countermeasures are all integrated measures aimed at overcoming and dealing with the consequences arising from the occurrence of something. (arief : 2010). Remember how great the danger it poses Drugs and the speed with which young people transmit to take drugs, then special drug efforts for it. being tested prevents or solves the problem of Substance Abuse Can be done close and here are some ways to address it:

1. Promoting Faith and Reverence through Religious religious education in schools and Propaganda communities. not even that the baby is still in the womb The struggle of the mother raising the child must be carried out this about her parents always being polite and kind full worship, asking for charity, Sincere so the children to God.

2. Strengthening the role of the family Because it is the incarnation of the Sakina family the role of the family is very important self-development. Study results show that naughty and naughty children come out as usual families who collapse hometowns). and the smallest unit is Society is family.

3. Instilling religious values (faith and worship), ethical morals, discipline and other noble principles.

4. Control, filter, control, and correct all attitudes of their children wisely both at home and outside and household harmony so that children feel calm, comfortable, safe, peaceful, happy, and at home living in the midst of family associations every day.

5. The cultivation of the value from an early age that Drugs are as illegitimate as pigs and commit adultery.

6. Increase the role of parents in preventing drugs, at home by fathers and mothers, in schools by teachers/lecturers and in the community by religious leaders and community leaders and law enforcement officials.

7. Doing so in a preventive way, namely to form a society that has resilience and immunity to drugs. Prevention is better than eradication. Prevention of drug abuse can be carried out in various ways, such as coaching and counseling and supervision in the family, counseling by competent parties both in schools and communities, recitation
by scholars, supervision of night entertainment venues by security parties, supervision of the distribution of illegal drugs and carrying out other actions aimed at reducing or eliminating the opportunity for drug abuse to occur.

Sukabumi Regency with an area of 4,128 km is the second largest regency in Java after Banyuwangi Regency, Sukabumi Regency area is 40% ocean border and 60% is land, Sukabumi Regency area consists of 47 districts, 5 villages 318 villages with a population of 2,523,992 people. And the concern is 4 high schools / vocational schools in Sukabumi city that have a high desire for an understanding of drug abuse among teenagers, especially in SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY.

SMKN 3 Sukabumi is one of the educational units with a vocational level in Selabatu, Kec. Cikole, Kota Sukabumi, Jawa Barat. in carrying out its activities, SMKN 3 Sukabumi is under the auspices of the Ministry of Education and Culture. SMKN 3 Sukabumi is located at Jl. Kabandungan No.86 Sukabumi, Selabatu, Kec. Cikole, Sukabumi City, West Java, with zip code 43114.

Figure 1. Location map of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY

Figure 2. SMK 3 Sukabumi City School

To anticipate the increasing extent of drug abuse, the government issued Law of the Republic of Indonesia Number 35 of 2009 concerning Narcotics, has imposed an incongruous one for perpetrators of narcotics abuse, before this law came into force there was no disparity between the behavior of users, dealers, dealers, and narcotics producers. There are still 2 other sides of the user or addict, the user or addict of narcotics on the one hand is the perpetrator of a criminal act, but on the other hand is a victim based on a narcotics crime.
Drug Abuse AmongTeenagers and How toOvercome it at SMK 3SukabumiCity

Hesri Mintawati,Jhoni Albert,Asep Hermawan,M. D. Shodiq,Eneng Rahmi

In the misuse of narcotics from the typology of the victim identified based on the circumstances & status of the victim namely:
1. Unrelated victims, i.e. victims who have no interaction at all using the perpetrator & as a victim because it is a potential.
2. Provocative victims, that is, a person or victim who causes the role of the victim to trigger the occurrence of crime.
3. Participating victims, that is, a non-committing, but using his attitude actually pushes himself as a victim.
4. Biologically weak victims, that is, those who have a weak social position that results in him being a victim.
5. Self-victimizing victims, that is, those who are victims because of their own crimes. It can be identified that narcotics victims are "self-victimizing victims" that is, those who are victims because of crimes committed by themselves because drug addicts suffer from dependency syndrome which causes the body condition to feel unbiased based on the habit of using narcotics, the impact based on drug abuse carried out for oneself.

Article 54 of the Narcotics Law Number 35 of 2009 "Drug addicts and victims of drug abuse are required to undergo medical and social rehabilitation". The description of the article explains that drug addicts must undergo rehabilitation. 1) Law Number 35 of 2009, Article 1, Article 103, Paragraph 2, Law Number 35 of 2009 concerning the Rehabilitation of Drug Addicts 16 Number 2) Article 1 Paragraph 17 of Law Number 35 of 2009 states: Reclaiming social functions in looking at people’s lives. In addition, there are many other issues in Indonesia, such as the failure of drug abuse case defendants to be tried, drug users involved in drug abuse cases ranging from pretrial, prosecution to court decisions, prosecuted for drug abuse, including 127(1) imprisonment. Judges are obliged to respect the provisions of articles 54, 55 and 103 of the 2009 Narcotics Law. These regulations ratify and bind any institution to fulfill its legal obligation to rehabilitate citizens addicted or substance abused.

Efforts to understand drug abuse among adolescents and how to overcome it by providing socialization where the active role of all parties is one contribution of the national police training team which is a leading sector as well as an officer formation school where in the process the serdik SIP 51 FY 2022 studies drug abuse among adolescents and in its implementation provides socialization and lectures on drug abuse among reaja and how to countermeasures. In this case, SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY is the target to be given socialization about the importance of understanding drug abuse among adolescents and how to overcome it in the implementation of pre-tests and post-tests as many as 10 questions where the antusias of SMK 3 KOTA SKABUMI students are very high.

Based on the problems mentioned above, community service is necessary and important to conduct technical studies. This community service aims to deal with the problem of lack of transparency around the community and a great sense of curiosity from students of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY. By involving the community and students, this will trigger a planning study on handling drug abuse transparency among adolescents with a two-alternative study. The first alternative is planning to implement drug abuse prevention, especially among adolescents, according to the police chief’s program by involving police agencies to help solve the problem. The second alternative is to plan the socialization stage about drug abuse among adolescents and how to overcome it.

This research is expected to contribute to determining the handling of the lack of transparency or openness regarding drug abuse among adolescents and how to overcome it in Sukabumi district, after a study and socialization, the local government and the community as well as government organizations as well as the national police lemdiklat know the problems and design plans, based on this study, the community can then make decisions in handling the transmigration of drug abuse in adolescent kalagan.
METHOD

This method uses qualitative, observations and direct interviews with the principal using primary data (Sugiyono:2017). In the method of implementing the socialization of drug abuse among adolescents is planned on a three-month basis, until the time of implementation at the time when coordination with the head of the KCD office region IV Sukabumi doctor Nonong Winarni M.pd, determines data on the number of high schools / vocational schools in Sukabumi city and district with the following data and coordination on the education calendar of kindergartens, elementary schools, junior high schools, high schools, SMK, SLB provision west java academic year 2021/2022.

From the results of coordination with the head of the education office of region IV Sukabumi city, that the implementation can be carried out on July 25 to July 28, 2022, it is hoped that students in the new school year can take part in the event. By taking school data and schedules, through qualitative methods with observation, observation and interviews with related parties about the implementation of community service with the title of socialization of drug abuse among adolescents and how to overcome it.

When the implementation was attended by students of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY with a total of 213 students, the lecture method and brain storming (brainstorming) were carried out for 3 hours in the classrooms of SMK 3 Sukabumi City which had been provided by the school.

The implementation process began with a speech from the head of the foundation and a testimony dialogue occurred as a form of gratitude from the setukpa, especially the SIP staff batch 51 FY 2022. As a ransom reference given to the mayor, regent, police chief, principals in Sukabumi City and district.

This research began with government data establishing 57 high schools, vocational schools in the city and Sukabumi Regency. With several cases related to juvenile delinquency, especially drug abuse, researchers conducted a meeting of ft binmas kasetukpa police officers as a basis for organizing open meetings with the community.

The second step is an open meeting of the serdik FT Binmas Kasetukpa Lemdiklat POLRI, as well as the head of the foundation and the principal of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY, to accommodate the aspirations of the principals of high schools and vocational schools in Sukubhum city and regency, this step is carried out to find out how percent the level of juvenile delinquency, especially drug abuse in female students in high schools and vocational schools in the city and Sukabumi district. In this case, the author records all the proposals of the principals which are then used as the basis for making a study of drug abuse planning among adolescents and how to overcome them.

The third step of the researchers together with the head of the foundation and the principal of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY as well as the principals of SMA / SMK Sukabumi city and regency, to observe and see firsthand 57 high schools and vocational schools in the city and Sukabumi regency which includes one percent of the level of understanding of high school and vocational school students in the city and Sukabumi district about drug abuse.

The fourth step is to conduct a technical study that aims to produce planning on socialization and schools that are the purpose of this implementation.

The fifth step, researchers conduct workshops or open meetings held by the head of the police chief, the mayor of Sukabumi, and the district KBM, as well as the implementation of socialization of drug abuse among adolescents and how to overcome it to students of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY. This workshop aims to produce decisions regarding socialization in the school and to clarify the stages of community service in a concise manner described in Figure 3.
Drug Abuse Among Teenagers and How to Overcome it at SMK 3 Sukabumi City

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

At the time of the implementation, it was attended by 213 students of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY. Lecture methods and brain storming (brainstorming) were carried out for 3 hours in the classroom of SMK 3 Sukabumi City. Described in Figure 4.

Researchers carried out observations and interviews directly to the principals of high schools and vocational schools in the city and Sekabupaen Sukabumi and found that adolescents today lack material about the importance of understanding juvenile delinquency, especially in drug abuse and how to overcome it, causing their children to step on a negative path, and the lack of guidance from parents also affects the condition of adolescents. For the initial stage, researchers provide socialization to students of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY to understand about juvenile delinquency.

The activity started from a meeting with the staff of FT Binmas Setukpa Lemdiklat POLRI and by accommodating the aspirations of the principals of SMK and SMA sekota and Sukabumi districts.

After making a schedule of socialization activity plans, the next step is to calculate the cost budget plan as a basis for preparing a budget before the implementation of socialization at SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY, in making a budget plan it is necessary to describe in detail about the quality work item, grouped based on priority targets for students of SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY. Described in

Figure 3. Workshops or Open Meetings Held by the Head of the Police Chief

Figure 4. Researchers give attention in the form of cash
Table 1. Cost Budget Plan as a Basis for Preparing the Budget Before Carrying out Socialization at SMK 3 Sukabumi City

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Setukpa lemdiklat polri which will give attention to female students begins with an external meeting and discusses issues that develop in Sukabumi district, as well as discuss and solve problems together, the results of the discussion are as follows, setukpa lemdiklat polri provides socialization for SMK 3 SUKABUMI CITY attended by kasetukpa lemdiklat polri, principals and their ranks, the main officials of setukpa lemdiklat polri. Based on the results of coordination meetings with the community that produce planning documents, observations and direct observations to the location as well as open meetings by stakeholders and the community have resulted in deliberations and consensus with decisions on handling stunting that are prioritized again in the next activity.

CONCLUSION

Based on the explanations and discussions in the previous chapters, we can draw the following conclusions. Here’s the difference in rehabilitation that judges and investigators find: Judge-Prescribed Rehabilitation is a sanction set by the judge through the judicial process. The decision to rehabilitate by investigators during the trial does not automatically stop the trial of a substance abuse offender Metadata Core.ac.uk, citations, and the like brought to you by CORE from the UAJY repository 2 Please see the documentation for Disability seen in the rehabilitation process comes from addicts and families. Most addicts and their families are not very supportive of rehabilitation efforts. What influences the lack of awareness in providing rehabilitation for addicts and their families is: The patient's shame due to social stigma when the patient or his family undergoes rehabilitation b. Lack of understanding of rehabilitation processes and procedures c. They felt that the facilities and infrastructure in the rehabilitation center were inadequate.

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